

# Funding Status and Remaining Requirements for the I-5 Columbia River Bridge Replacement

As of February 2025, the Interstate 5 Bridge Replacement Program faces a critical juncture in securing the remaining funds needed to meet its baseline budget, with evolving cost projections and funding commitments shaping the financial landscape. The project's current secured funding totals **\$5.3 billion**, leaving a shortfall of **\$700 million** against the preferred \$6 billion estimate, though escalating costs and unresolved federal requests introduce uncertainty about final requirements.

# **Current Funding Commitments**

#### **Federal Contributions**

The program has secured **\$2.1 billion** in federal grants:

- \$1.5 billion from the U.S. Department of Transportation's Bridge Investment Program (awarded July 2024) [1] [2]
- \$600 million from the 2023 Mega Grant program [3] [4]

An outstanding application for **\$1.9 billion** in Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Capital Investment Grants remains pending, with a decision expected by mid- $2025^{\frac{[3:1]}{5}}$ .

#### **State Allocations**

Oregon and Washington have each committed **\$1 billion**, totaling **\$2 billion** in state funds  $\frac{[1:1]}{[2:1]}$ 

# **Tolling Revenue**

Planners anticipate **\$1.2 billion** from tolling revenue, structured as:

- \$900 million upfront construction financing through bond issuance
- \$300 million in long-term maintenance revenue [2:2] [5:1]

#### **Budgetary Gaps and Cost Escalation Risks**

#### **Baseline Shortfall**

At the **\$6 billion** estimate, the \$5.3 billion in secured funds leaves a **\$700 million deficit**. This gap could be partially filled by:

- The pending \$1.9 billion FTA grant, which would create a \$1.2 billion surplus if fully awarded
- Additional Bridge Investment Program allocations in 2025 [1:2]

# **Upper-Range Projections**

Critics, including transportation analyst John Ley, highlight the program's vulnerability to cost overruns, citing:

- A **56% increase** in estimates from \$4.8 billion to \$7.5 billion since 2022 [5:2]
- Parallel projects like the Hood River Bridge, where costs rose 215% post-approval [5:3]
- Unresolved design challenges, including U.S. Coast Guard objections to the 116-foot vertical clearance [5:4]

If costs reach the **\$7.5 billion** upper bound, the funding gap would expand to **\$2.2 billion**, requiring either:

- Additional federal appropriations
- Increased toll rates (potentially adding \$0.50-\$1.00 to projected \$2.50-\$4.50 tolls)
- Supplemental state contributions [5:5]

## **Contingency Planning and Fiscal Challenges**

## **Risk Mitigation Strategies**

The program office has outlined contingency measures:

- 1. Phased construction: Prioritizing bridge spans before light rail if FTA grants fall short
- 2. Value engineering: Simplifying seismic components and reducing aesthetic features
- 3. **Public-private partnerships**: Exploring corporate naming rights for ancillary structures [2:3] [5:6]

# **Political Constraints**

Key obstacles include:

- Congressional resistance to additional earmarks, given the project's existing \$2.1 billion federal allocation
- Oregon legislators' opposition to higher tolls impacting low-income commuters [3:2] [4:2]
- Washington's constitutional debt limit, capping state transportation borrowing at \$1.2 billion annually [1:3]

## Conclusion

The I-5 Bridge replacement requires **\$700 million** to meet its baseline \$6 billion budget under current commitments, with completion contingent on successful FTA grant awards and toll revenue stability. However, the project's financial viability remains precarious, as a **\$1.6 billion-\$2.2 billion gap** emerges under worst-case cost scenarios. Program administrators must navigate competing pressures: advancing construction starts in late 2025 while securing buffer funding for potential overruns—a balancing act that will test the region's political resolve and fiscal creativity.



- 1. <a href="https://www.columbian.com/news/2024/jul/12/feds-approve-1-5-billion-grant-for-i-5-bridge-replacem">https://www.columbian.com/news/2024/jul/12/feds-approve-1-5-billion-grant-for-i-5-bridge-replacem</a> ent/
- 2. <a href="https://www.roadsbridges.com/funding/news/55126255/interstate-5-bridge-project-receives-15-billion-in-funding">https://www.roadsbridges.com/funding/news/55126255/interstate-5-bridge-project-receives-15-billion-in-funding</a>
- 3. <a href="https://www.opb.org/article/2023/12/15/interstate-i-5-bridge-oregon-washington-infrastructure-construction/">https://www.opb.org/article/2023/12/15/interstate-i-5-bridge-oregon-washington-infrastructure-construction/</a>
- 4. <a href="https://www.columbian.com/news/2023/dec/15/interstate-5-bridge-replacement-project-wins-600-milli-on-federal-grant-4-billion-total-now-secured/">https://www.columbian.com/news/2023/dec/15/interstate-5-bridge-replacement-project-wins-600-milli-on-federal-grant-4-billion-total-now-secured/</a>
- 5. <a href="https://electjohnley.com/john-ley-speaks-out-against-i-5-bridge-replacement-funding-in-letter-to-secretary-buttigieg/">https://electjohnley.com/john-ley-speaks-out-against-i-5-bridge-replacement-funding-in-letter-to-secretary-buttigieg/</a>